The Limits of Trigonometric Expressions

Outcomes: Find the limits of sine and cosine and simple modifications to them.

Warm up: Sketch the curve of sine Sketch the curve of cosine

Investigate: Look at the left- and right-hand limits of $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ as $x \to 0$ Since we know that sine and cosine are continuous graphs state the value of $\limsup_{\theta \to 0} \theta$ and $\lim_{\theta \to 0} \cos \theta$.

Examples:	Evaluate the following limits	
a) $\lim_{\theta \to \pi} \frac{\sin \theta}{2}$	b) $\lim_{x\to 0} (\sin x + x).$	c) $\lim_{x\to\pi} (\sin x + \cos x)$

4)	$\sin x + 1$	$\cos x$	$\cos 2x$
a)	11m —	$e_1 \lim_{n \to \infty} 1$	11m
,	$x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \cos x + 1$	$x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2} 2x$	$x \rightarrow 0$ 3cos 3x

Investigate: Some limits which will be very important to trigonometric functions are:

$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} \text{ or } \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\theta}{\sin \theta} \text{ and } \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos \theta - 1}{\theta}$$

These limits are necessary in order to find the derivatives of trigonometric functions.

Graph:
$$y = \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta}$$
 What does the graph indicate the $\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta}$ is equal to?



Examples: Find the following limits

a)	$\lim \frac{\sin \theta}{2}$	
<i>a)</i>	$\frac{1}{\theta \to 0} \frac{1}{2\theta}$	

b) $\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin 3\theta}{\theta}$



d) $\lim_{x\to 0} x \sec x \, .$



f) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin 3x}$

h)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin^2 3x}{\sin^2 4x}$$

i)
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x - \sin x}$$

g) $\lim_{\theta \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin \theta}{2\theta}$

j)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x}{\tan 2x}$$

Homework: Page 306: 1,2,7,9, 11,12,13,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,23,27,31,33